KEEPING WARM THIS WINTER

Introduction to Design Engineering - Part B



CONCEPT DIRECTION

Brief and Summary

WOBBLE SEATING

How might we improve thermal conditions for those working from home?

Design Brief

Project overview

The concept direction that the project is heading towards is:

Wobble Seating and Energy Generation at a desk. This extends on the modern trend of workers using active devices such as standing desks to help them keep active when working for long periods of time. This relates to the original chosen 'how might we' question in Part A 'How might we improve thermal conditions for those working from home?' under the broader project brief of 'Keeping Warm this Winter'.

Goals and objectives

The goal of the project is to:

- Create a device for a worker to generate energy whilst working at their desk.
- Help keep the user active.
- Produce thermal energy to keep the user warm.

Target market

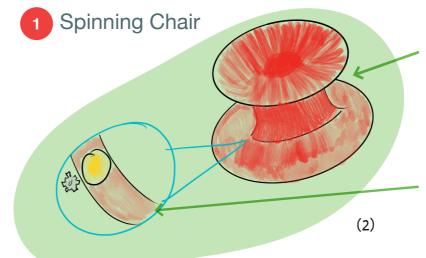
The target market of the product will primarily be home office users as this is the case where it is likely they will need to provide their own heating. The product may be applicable to commercial applications, but this is outside the scope of the brief.

Summary

The diverging thinking performed in Part A has led towards the idea of active seating being used to generate energy, this project is exciting as it allows us to extract energy as the user works from home, keeping the user fit and also preventing them from staying in the same position for too long.

However, the product cannot be a gimmick and needs to be affordable in order to reach the mass market which this project is geared towards during a cost of living crisis. The next slide will explore these requirements more quantitatively allowing us to have a fixed set of metrics to benchmark against ensuring the product meets the design brief.

Examples



The user sits in the chair and as they exert their weight in different directions the chair will spin. We can design mechanisms to extract this kinetic energy and transform it into thermal energy to help keep the user warm.

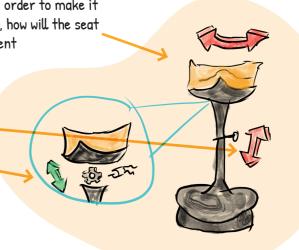
Roller ball mechanism allowing for energy to be generated as the chair spins due to the weight of the user. Dynamo wheel generators exchange friction from the ball spinning round the chair.

Bar Wobble Stool

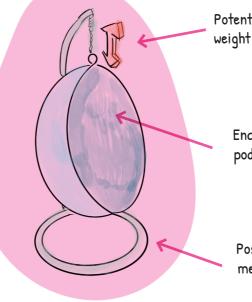
Seat structure also important in order to make it ergonomic e.g. where will legs go, how will the seat encourage movement

Main stem will need to be flexible in order to allow height to be adjusted. There is also potential for energy generation from compression however unlikely to be sufficient.

> Various factors around this mechanism were explored in Part A Lo-Fi prototyping. Ease of use, feel, comfort and engineering considerations are required for this part.



Hammock / Suspended Chair



Potential energy extraction from weight of the user swinging in the

> Enclosed design similar to nap pods used in some workplaces.

Possibility for different mounting style design.



mechanisms, could be a hammock



https://www.gov.uk/workplace-temperatures

2. https://www.heatherwick.com/project/spun/

3. The Internship, 2013

PREREQUISITES

Requirements and Specification

The project will need to adhere to a selection of requirements in order to physically function and to ensure it is comfortable for the user. Most office workers spend 67 days (3) per year sat in their office chair and therefore ensuring these criteria are met is critical.

The primary functional goal of the product is to heat the user by using energy generated from their movement. Below are the requirements set out following the design brief.

In rank order

Heating

The resulting design should heat the user to a reasonable working temperature.

Produce sufficient heat to keep the user in an environment above HSE minimum of 16°C (1) for office-based work.

Ergonomics



The chair should be comfortable and ergonomic for prolonged periods of time.

The chair must offer a comfortable experience that the user can be seated for a minimum of 4 hours 30 minutes (required rest break at work).

Energy



The product requires a mechanism to convert kinetic energy into electrical energy.

The product will need to consist of a generator that produces electrical energy via kinetic energy from the user.

Safety



The chair will need to be safe to sit in.

To remain safe, there should be no exposed sharp edges, high voltage wiring or any other practically unsafe feature.

Maximum Load



The chair will need to be able to sustain a load of an average person.

The chair should be designed to sustain a load of 3x of the average person (215kg) (2).

Lifespan



The lifespan of the product should be reasonable without need for significant maintenance.

The chair should last at least 6 years which in the UK in some cases is required under the Consumer Goods Act 2015.

Cost



The product should be cost effective to ensure it is affordable for everyone.

The product should be made of materials with a relatively low GBP/kg.

Accessibility



The product should be accessible in use to most users.

95th percentile anthropometric design to make the device accessible to most users.

Legend



Requirement



Specification

[.] https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3408371/

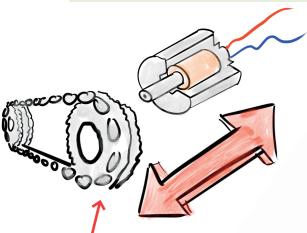
[.] https://www.personneltoday.com/hr/staff-spend-67-sedentary-working-days

SKETCH ANALYSIS

Focussing on the concept area

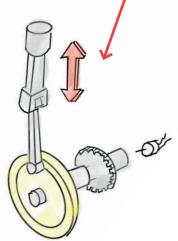
Energy

The product requires a mechanism to convert kinetic energy into electrical energy.

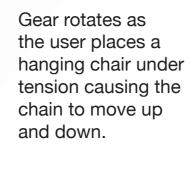


Gear chain can be used in combination with dynamo to increase the power of a turning force from the user sitting in the chair.

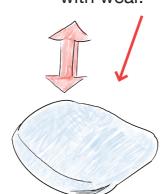
Piston can be used to convert kinetic compressive force from sitting in the chair to a turning



force for dynamo.



Cushioned seat with memory foam allows the user to sit for long periods of time. Need to consider material to must not be present in ensure it stays clean final design. with wear.



Rubber bumper to absorb impact from other objects.

Exposed sharp edges

Ball moves as

the chair rotates

due to the user's weight. Wheels

are placed along the 'track' the

movement which

ball will travel

to absorb the

energy from

are either fed

into individual

dvnamo's or a

drive chain.

the user's

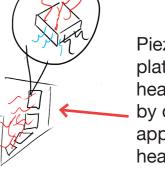
Rounded corner using manufacturing technique with large enough radius to prevent harm.

Heating

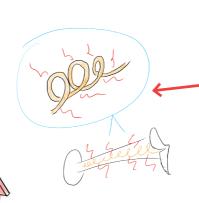
The resulting design should heat the user to a reasonable working temperature.



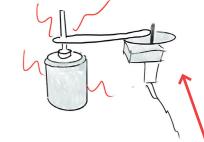
Water tank placed in base of chair. Heated to produce active heat that acts as a seat warmer. Need to consider how water will be replenished.



Piezoelectric plates actively heat the user by direct application of heat.



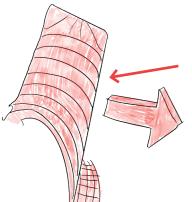
Coil heats up in stem of the chair emitting heat passively to the environment. Would need to consider safety aspect.



Friction / mechanical / electrostatic heat generator. In this example a motor spins a small can in a larger can of oil producing heat.

Ergonomics

The chair should be comfortable and ergonomic for prolonged periods of time.

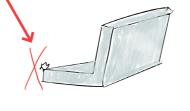


Mesh design for back of chair that is flexible for when the user sits down. This ensures they have a comfortable fit that is tailored to their back.

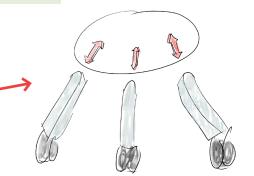
Safety

The chair will need to be safe to sit in.





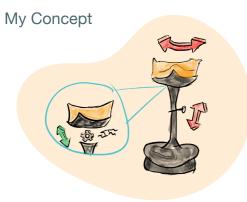
Fail safes should be in place in case an element in the chair fails, preventing catastrophic failure.



BENCHMARKING

Exploring methods of energy generation

Generating from tilt



Generating from Rocking



Generating from Tension



56

60

Generating from Rotation



				Miles and the second of the se			
	Requirement	My Concept (1)	Concept A	Concept B	Concept C	Description of Metric	Su Thi
Heating	The resulting design should heat the user to a reasonable working temperature.	6	7	6	7	This metric described how efficiently a design was able to generate heat. This relates to the energy generated.	tha sto
Ergonomics	The chair should be comfortable and ergonomic for prolonged periods of time.	4	3	6	5	Relating to the comfort, cushioning, ergonomic design and anthropometric features are considered for this score.	imp stre
Accessibility	The product should be accessible in use to most users.	5	3	6	3	Considering how the design appears to cater to all users. Lack of support and adjustability are detrimental.	In t
Safety	The chair will need to be safe to sit in.	3	3	8	8	How much structural support, materials the product is made out of and other safety factors considered.	the
Maximum Load	The chair will need to be able to sustain a load of an average person.	8	6	9	9	Relating to the support structure of the chair, materials and the mechanisms used.	rat itse anı
Lifespan	The lifespan of the product should be reasonable without need for significant maintenance.	9	8	9	9	Materials, mechanisms, quality of production are all considered to predict how long the product will last.	Ov to
Cost	The product should be cost effective to ensure it is affordable for everyone.	9	6	8	8	Primarily the materials used and the expected manufacturing process are considered to predict the cost.	the asp val
Energy	The product requires a mechanism to convert kinetic energy into electrical energy.	6	8	8	7	Linked to the heating requirement, considering the size of movement and the mechanisms to produce energy.	ins sol use
						Analysis : My concept has some aspect from benchmarking the other ideas. I will	

50

Total (/80):

Summary

This benchmarking analysis has highlighted hat my initial wobble stool idea has some areas were it could be mproved. I will use these strengths, as highlighted by the rating wheels, to nerge the ideas.

n the charts, I was specifically targeting he components of the design and how energy could be generated ather than the product tself as shown by the annotations above.

Overall, using the internet o find interesting chair deas (even without he energy generation aspect) has been aluable to gain creative nsights into new solutions that could be used to generate energy.

hat could be improved from benchmarking the other ideas. I will explore this in the functional development.

MORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

Decomposition of functional requirements

Specification Point

4		
	4	











Factors	Element Ideas						
1 actors	1	2	3	4	5		
	Curved	Flat Modern	Ergonomic (shaped to body)	Multicomponent	Minimalist		
1. Shape	TITI	A			M		
	Failsafe	Support Structure	Multiple materials	Structure	Smooth		
2. Safety	Fail-Safe		A	1 K/L	K		
	Rack & Pinion	Hydraulics	Mechanical (e.g., deck chair)	Cushion Size	Interoperability		
3. Adjustability	Consequences (C)	*	The state of the s				
	Head / Lumbar support	Soft materials	Reclining	Swinging	Rocking		
4. Comfort	* ####################################						
	Electrical assistance	Anthropometric design	Levels of control	Modular system for additional	Easy reach controls		
5. Accessibility			ESTATE				
6. Type of Heating	Coil	Water	Friction	Piezoelectric			
o. Type of Fleating	000 -	450	hen de				
7. Energy generation	Piston	Tension	Dynamo	Wheel	Gear Chain		
mechanism	11.	-		NA A			
8. Energy Storage	Battery	Mechanical	Chemical	Kinetic			
o. Lifelgy Glorage	i,	ga.					

Requirements chosen

The **shape** of the chair, how the chair will be safe in use, ensuring the product is adjustable to different users and use cases, making the product comfortable for all users and having an accessible design are all critical requirements I decided to use for my morphological analysis. I also considered heating and energy. These cover 5 of the 8 requirement areas in depth.

Summary

From the morphological analysis a broad range of ideas were displayed. This helped expand my diverging thinking around the concept area and focussed on the HMW of 'How might we design a wobble chair that is comfortable for the user?'

Particular analysis from the morphological process to highlight would be accessibility and adjustability as these both relate to inclusive design which is crucial for the audience that the product would be marketed towards as it allows as many people as possible to have the best experience.

Whilst this explores the functional requirements of the chair, it does not explore in depth the functional requirements of the mechanisms to generate electricity this will be explored in the functional development section.

The highlighted ideas show ideation that I will make a particular focus on within my final design concept.

FUNCTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Improving the design based on benchmarking and morphological analysis

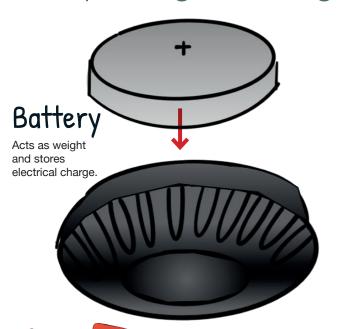


Heat vents at bottom of stool due to hot air rising allowing for most efficient heat convection.

Seat warmer could also be toggled on and off.

voltage to be stored within

the battery of the stool.



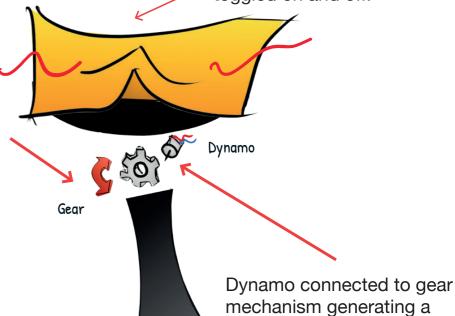
Wobble Base

The base of the stool will be curved to allow the stool to tilt naturally without much friction. A weight will be present at the centre to realign to vertical position when the stool is left standing.

Cushion

Ball wheel generation method found in initial sketch analysis to generate electricity in the base of the stool.

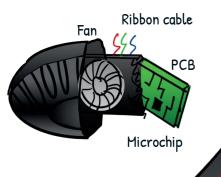
Gear with locking mechanism to prevent too wide of a tilt angle. The gear would give a finer grain of control for a tilt.

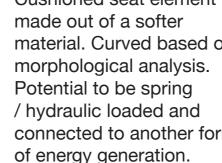


Cushioned seat element made out of a softer material. Curved based on morphological analysis. Potential to be spring / hydraulic loaded and connected to another form

Stool Stand with Hydraulic Adjustment

The stool stand would come with a battery allowing energy to be stored within the stem so it can be used for the heater when the user wants to heat the room up.





Overview of the Wobble Stool

The wobble stool is a fun active way of working at your desk. The unstable design keeps you moving throughout the working day keeping you active and generating energy that can be converted into heat.

Elements that have been implemented following morphological analysis and benchmarking include:

- Modularity allowing you to swap out seat cushion with replacement if you wish to change the colour or the seat becomes soiled.
- A rocking nature to the cushion allowing you to rotate in multiple axis with a fine grain of control with a locking mechanism to improve the safety aspect of the design.
- More dynamo's present to absorb more energy making the design produce more heat from user's movements.

Rack and Pinion

Rack and pinion mechanism used for rotating the stool cushion. The gear would also be connected to a dynamo adding an extra level of resistance and generating electricity. Locking mechanism is present in case this feature is undesired.

Pictured to the left is a cross section of the stool base. Alongside the battery there will be the control circuit.

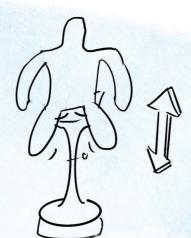
INITIAL STORYBOARD

1.



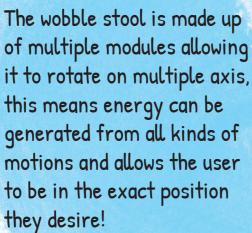
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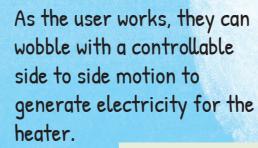
The wobble stool is a unique solution to generating energy whilst working from home.



The wobble stool is fitted with a hydraulic mechanism allowing it to fit to the height required by the user.



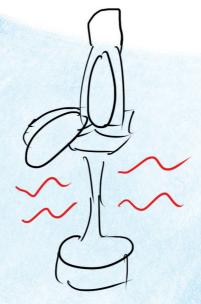






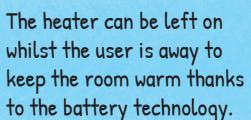
ds of user tion

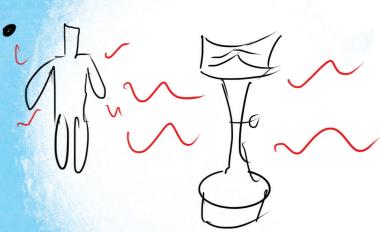
The heater can be toggled on and off and uses the energy stored from the wobble motion to heat up the user and surroundings using the built in coil in the stem.



Summary

The storyboard was great for giving a clear direction towards where the concept was heading and illustrating to a peer at a glance the general idea. As this is the initial storyboard, simple sketching techniques and structures were used which will be further developed in the final storyboard.





FINAL DESIGN PRESENTATION

Presenting the final concept

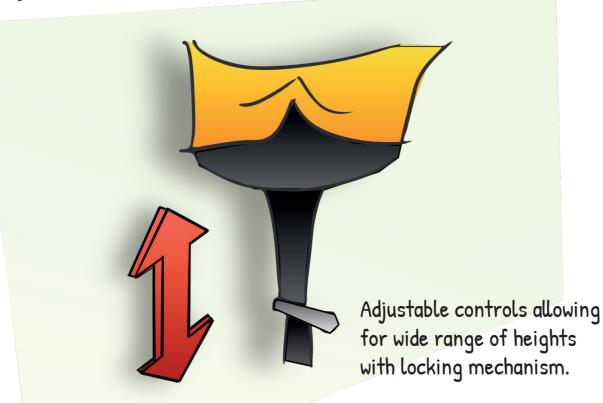
WOBBLE STOOL

Summary of Iteration

The final design takes the morphological analysis and benchmarking into account to create a more desirable product. The product is safer by utilising more advanced mechanisms rather than just relying on the natural wobble of the curved base.

The design is also now more customizable with modular seat cushions after inspiration from the morphological analysis. The seat can also be locked in place allowing a worker to remain stationary.

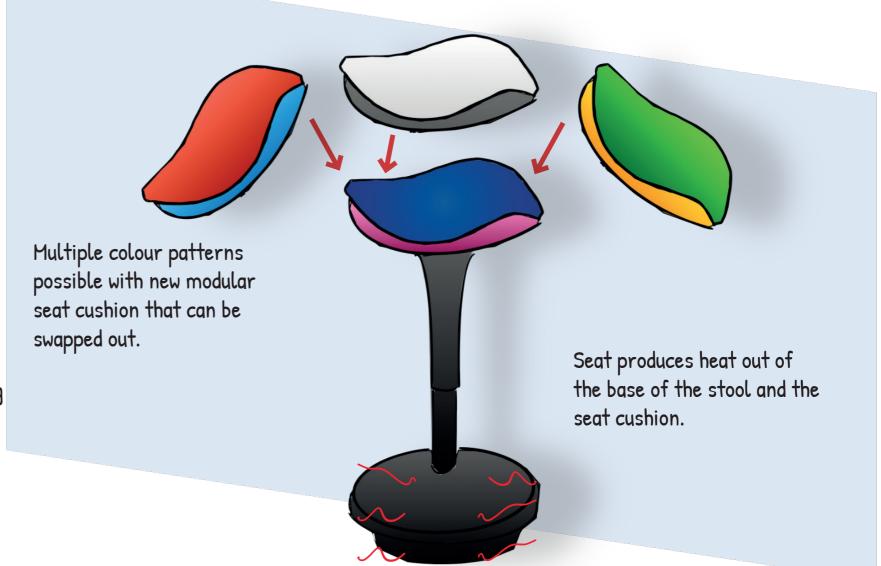
Adjustable



The solution can be used with a variety of desk set-ups including traditional work desks and standing desks. The chair can also be used standalone with no supporting walls.



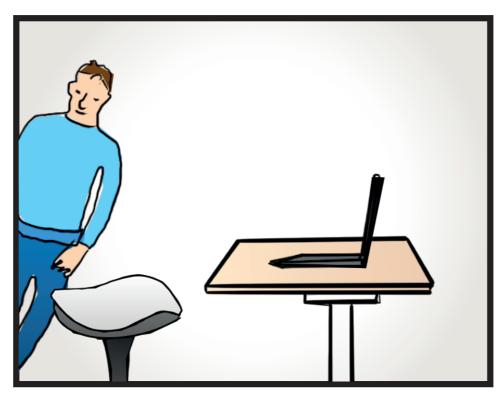
Customizable



FINAL STORYBOARD

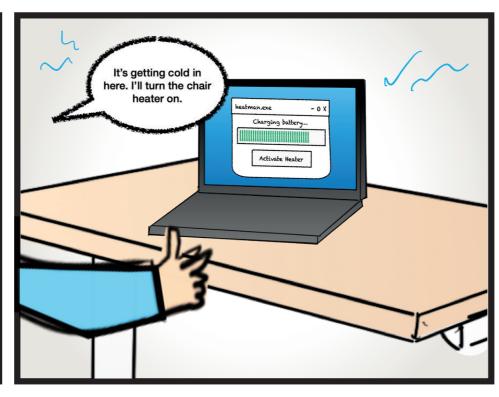
The final storyboard shows the journey of a user, Mark, using the stool. They are working from home and get cold during the day and use the stool in order to warm themselves up. The style of the storyboard is based off comic books and gives a clean simple view as to how the product works.

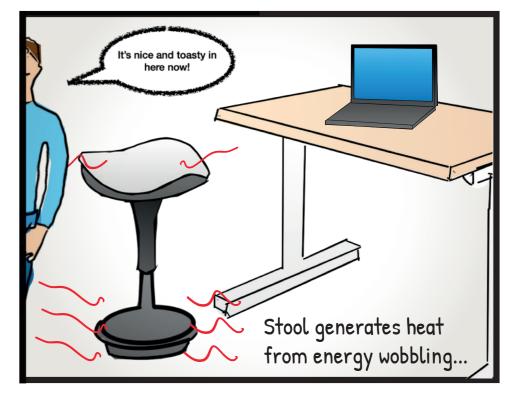












VALIDATION AND REVIEW

Testing and evaluating the product

How might we improve thermal conditions for those working from home?

Freddie



Freddie found the seat to be a fun experience and loved how it kept him moving whilst remaining stationary working at the desk. He did find in some cases that the posture his body naturally fell in was slightly awkward as he naturally fell forward to maintain balance.

"You will fall off if you're not balanced!" - A verbatim quote when Freddie was testing out the stool. In the final design a mechanism will need to be designed to stop the stool from tilting at such an angle that it is possible to fall off as this could be dangerous.

Daniella



Daniella struggled to find her balance on the stool and kept falling off. This disruption meant she struggled to work effectively and couldn't see the solution working long term.

"Although, it was enjoyable, I found it very difficult to get onto the chair due to its height and instability. When it was not next to a wall I couldn't get on. Maybe making it shorter so you can perch on it would make it more user friendly" - A verbatim quote from Daniella post using the stool. Her suggestion of making the stool shorter is interesting. The demonstration device had no adjustability which is a factor that could be improved perhaps with further iterations to the design.

Summary

The physical design of the product was tested by finding a replica model within the Dyson school.

Therefore the in person testing was limited to just the physical comfort and practicality of using a wobble stool for working from home. However from the end user feedback and specification validation we can see that the product meets most requirements and initial brief for keeping warm this winter however the energy generation mechanism is not sufficent.



Specification Validation

Safety

4

The chair will need to be safe to sit in.

Heating



The resulting design should heat the user to a reasonable working temperature.

Ergonomics



The chair should be comfortable and ergonomic for prolonged periods of time.

Energy

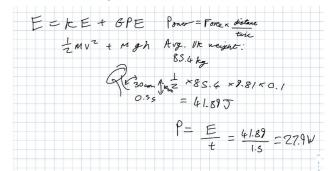
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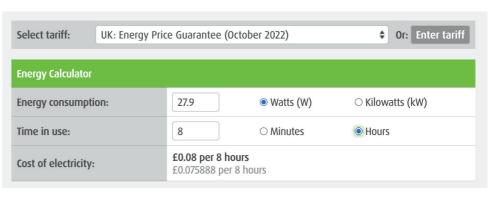
The product requires a mechanism to convert kinetic energy into electrical energy.

The chair was fairly stable but a mechanism needs to be added to restrict tilt angle.

The energy calculation below suggests that the stool would not be able to fufil the heating requirement.

The chair was comfortable for some users but some found they were not able to stay seated.





I found that in its current form the energy generation would not be sufficent enough only producing £0.08/day worth of electricity with a constant wobble of distance 10cm.

6. How would you improve the design of the wobble chair?

More Details

Latest Responses

"make the wobble ajustable (change btw high and low gear ratios)."

Responses

"Add back support?"

"why don't you just have a heater by itself instead of mixing the heater wit...

4 respondents (31%) answered support for this question.	•••
adjustability/footrest support Sth form of back support Support Support heater instead of mixing footrest gear ratios height people Add back support change btw flawless design Maybe include Adjustability/footrest support heater instead of mixing footrest support support support support support support would be great	

A survey was also run to gauge opinion. The results can be found in supplementary pages.

These results show that the audience would prefer more support on the stool.

This stool can be found in the Dyson School Level 3 silent working pod.

SUPPLEMENTARY PAGES

Introduction to Design Engineering - Part B



THINKING THROUGH SKETCHING

Making my ideas come to life through digital tools



Peer feedback

Peer feedback was gathered in a tutorial session on my Part A ideas. We used post-it notes to annotate ideas on to each other's concepts.

Suggestions around my main concept direction included:

- Improving posture
- Making sure to keep the user healthy long term
- More indepth sketches of mechanical elements
- Having an effective power storage mechanism

To help get to grips with drawing people, I also utilised stock images off the internet to give a template for different positions.









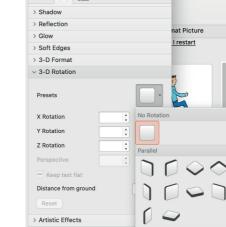


Google image prompts such as 'cartoon man sitting on chair' were used to find examples.

Powerpoint

I generally prefer to use Keynote for presentations and vector graphics however Powerpoint has a paticularly powerful formatting panel allowing features such as drop shadows with fine grained control and 3D rotation.

The title pages use gradients off the website uigradients.com. These are sleek and modern colours that are clean as they are designed for user interfaces. I then apply a rotation to give a professional 'render' effect along with a drop shadow at the right angle to provide the end result.



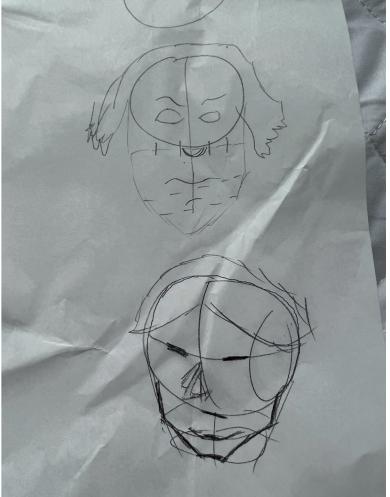


We practiced people drawing skills within the final tutorial sessions. Splitting the head into 8 sectors and working from divisions within this gave me a structured face shape that gave a releastic proportion for the face.

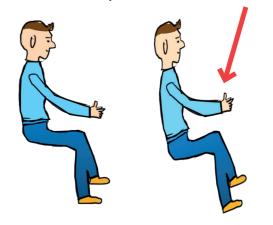
SUPPLEMENTARY

We took it a step further by moving to 3D and using a sphere shape to base our intial sketch off and then built out with the chin and hairstyle.

I initially struggled with getting hair correct but found through my storyboard development it was much improved.







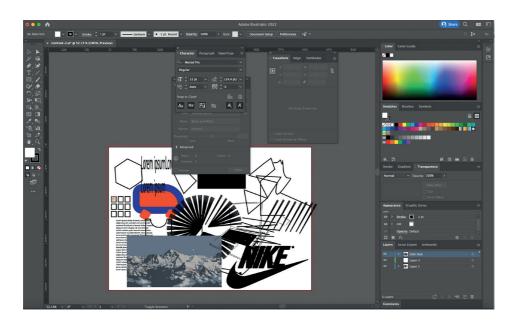


ILLUSTRATOR DEVELOPMENT

Trying out illustrator and other vector manipulation tools







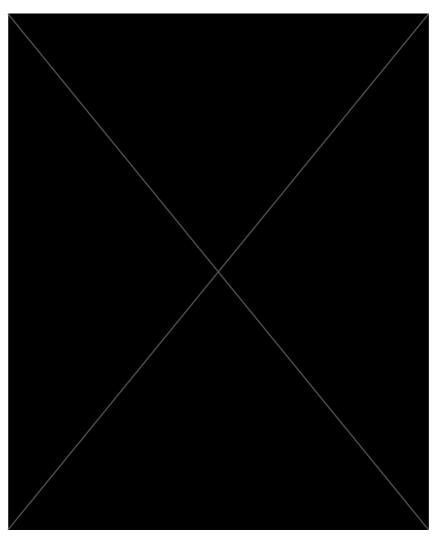
Illustrator

I completed the Illustrator training given by Ahmed Patel. In this session we learnt about basic vector shapes within illustrator and how to use the fill and stroke tools with these. We also learnt about more advanced geometric operations such as rectangular and radial patterns. In addition, we performed tracing using the trace tool and the various different types of trace that could be used from a simple black and white logo to a unique limited colour effect to create a more artistic look. I also completed the vector pen exercise.

I used the illustrator trace tool to create the below image using the 6 colour preset. This and other tools were used throughout the project to create a more modern unique look and to 'unify' the images slightly so they looked sketched / artistic within the project to make it appear they were drawn in similar styles.







Keynote

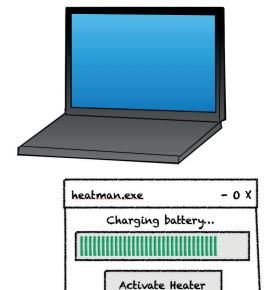
Keynote is another paticularly powerful application that I find is less well known. It offers a great way for creating simple vector graphics and bringing to life great slides.

These vectors can then be exported into InDesign or Powerpoint to apply more transformations.

features that were used within this project: Pen tool, Vector Operations (unite, intersect, subtract, exclude), Advanced Image Masks, Instant Alpha / Remove Background, Advanced Gradients, Image Colour Correction and more.



Benchmarking indicator made using custom pie chart and text indicator in centre.

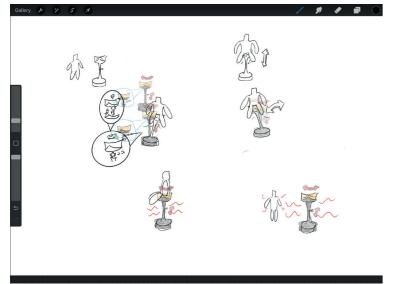


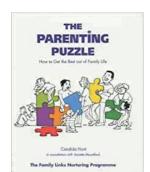
I created a quick UI mockup using keynote to display on the laptop within the storyboard. In order to make sure it looked correct, I used powerpoint to get the right rotation to make it appear on the laptop in 3D.

SKETCHING AND STORYBOARD

Concept Idea to a planned story

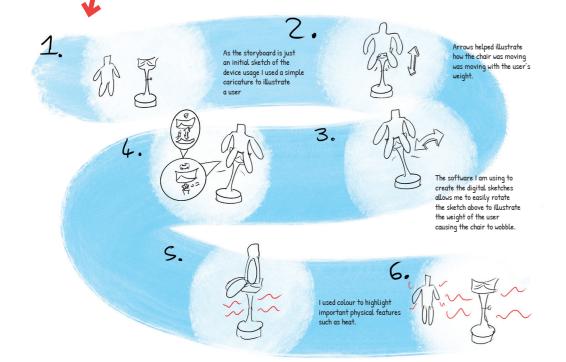
4 December 2022 at 22:42





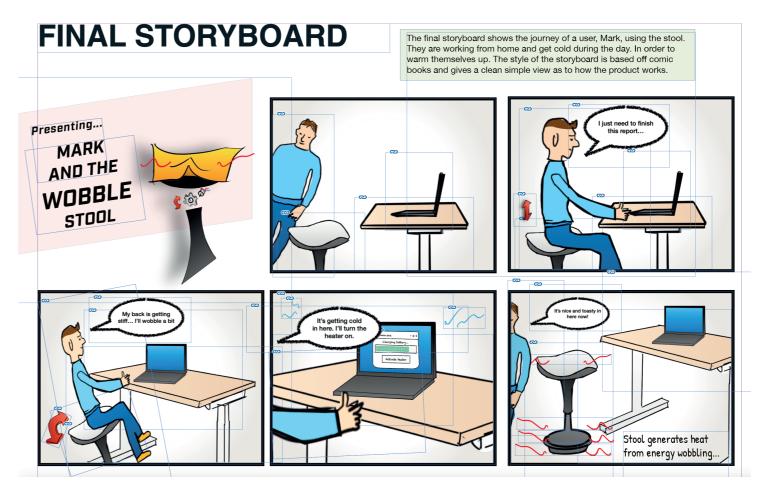
Low poly blob charactures inspired my intial storyboard. Colour is used where the focus matters as is shown in the above book cover.





Stationary stool and laptop person walking up to try it Person sits on chair, it compresses down - I just need to complete this report... Person wobbles backwards on chair - My back is becoming stiff.. Chair produces heat - It's getting cold in here. I'll turn the heater on. Person leaves and room is left warm - It's nice and toasty in here now!

I took notes before drawing anything in the final storyboard. This helped give me some structure to work off and saved time by avoiding any change of storyline.

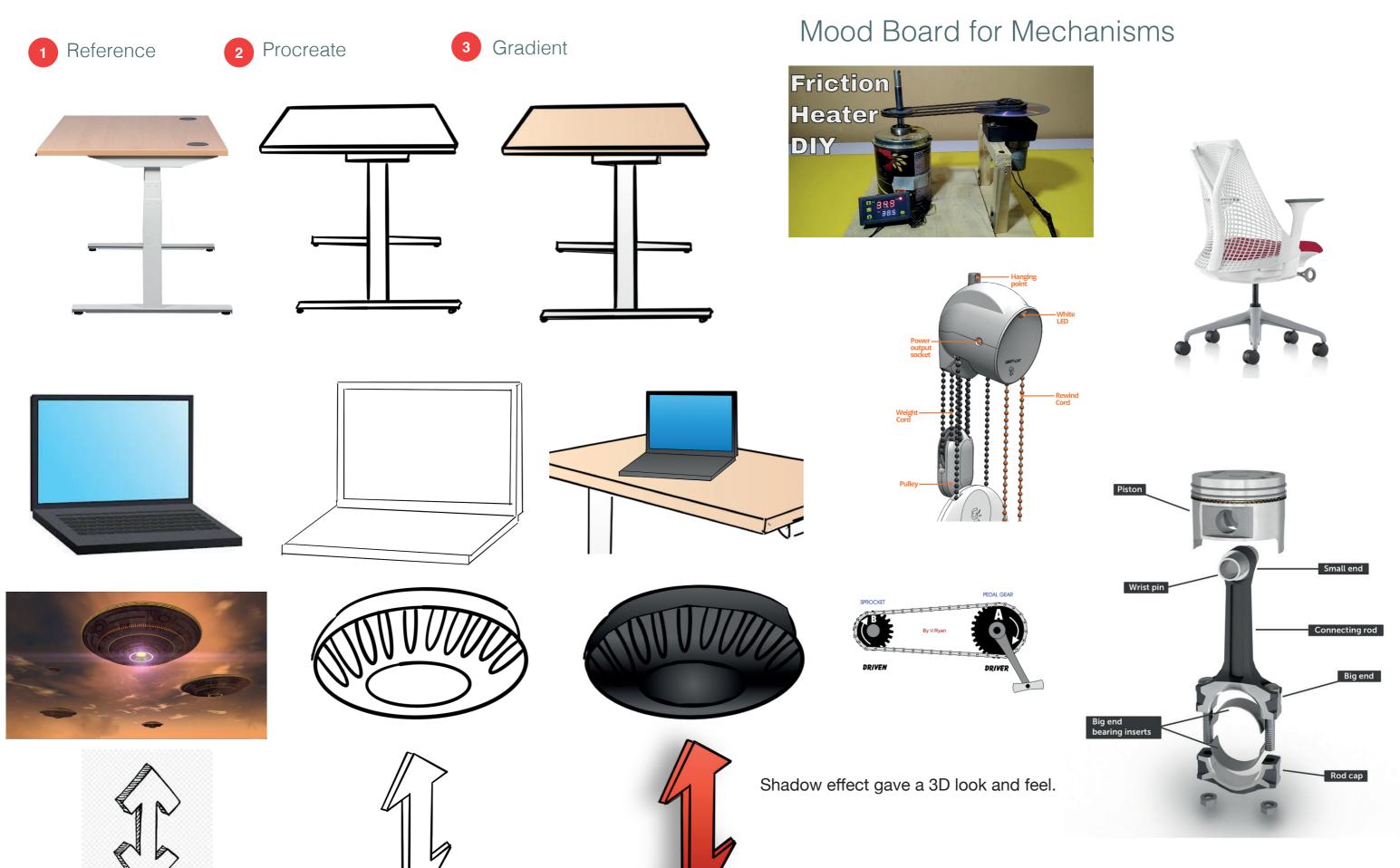




I used Powerpoint to apply 3D rotation effects as a time saving technique for showing the character in different positions.

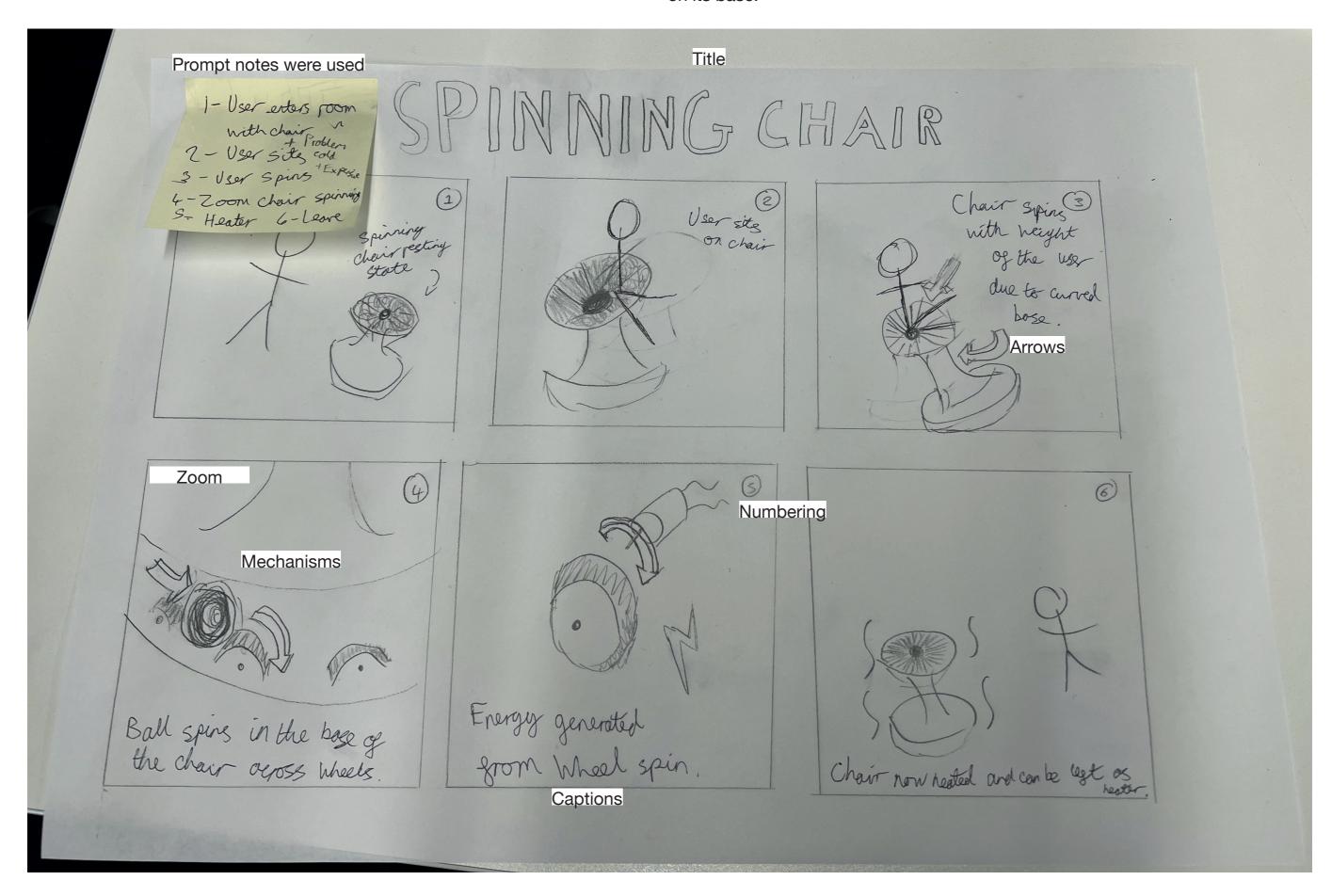
These graphics were imported from Ilustrator / Keynote and then saved as PNGs to import into InDesign. The drawings were done in Procreate with the gradients / graphics in Keynote.

ADDITIONAL SKETCHING



INTIAL STORYBOARD

A sketch of my intial storyboard drawn in a tutorial session with a completely different product concept using a spinning chair that rolled on its base.



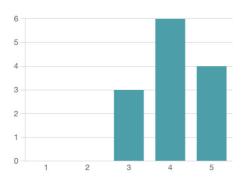
SURVEY Guaging user opinion

1. Have you ever sat at a desk in an active way (e.g. standing, wobble chair)



4.08 Average Rating

2. What would you rate the above product in terms of ergonomics?





"While the concept is very interesting. I think that this product will be impractical and will not produce enough energy to justify its use. As I would think that there is a fairly limited amount of energy that can be extracted from wobbling on a stool."

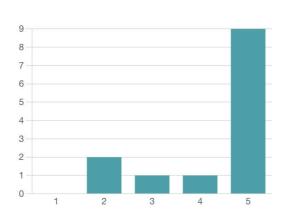
- Sam Barber, 2022

3. Does this chair look fun to use?

More Details



4.31 Average Rating



"This is a very innovative and fun idea, that I have not seen done before. I think this would be a very good way of generating heat not only from the exercise but also the generation from the movement. It would be good to aim this at university students and other people who find it difficult to sit still"

- Daniella Garces Beavis, 2022

4. What do you interpret from the storyboard?

More Details



11 Responses

Latest Responses "your mouvement in the chair are used to heat it up." "Mark has a bad back and the chair helps to fix it" "he wobbles the chair and then it gets hot"

○ Update



5. After seeing the storyboard have your thoughts changed in anyway?

:Ö: Insights More Details Latest Responses 11 "Yes, see it more as for people who have bad backs" Responses

○ Update

5 respondents (45%) answered No for this question

heating Not sure bad backs

alot of heat

break user wobbling

clearer

Nope

people

fun

Summary

The user survey responses were generally positive.

Participants felt that the product would help improve the user's posture and stop them from getting a bad back. This was an unintended positive due to the prompt around the user being stiff.